大公教育佳fb Q

With the Central Government's support for the rule of law in Hong Kong, external forces waste their efforts to interfere

國務院港澳辦主任夏寶龍昨日在北京會 見香港特區終審法院首席法官張舉能率領的司 法機構代表團一行。在美國政客叫囂制裁香港 法官的背景下,此次會面以及夏寶龍主任的講 話,傳遞出了清晰信息:中央充分肯定特區司 法機構的重要作用,堅定支持特區司法機構依 法獨立行使審判權,不受任何外力干涉。這既 是對特區司法機構的巨大支持,也是對香港社 會堅定維護法治的有力鼓舞。

夏寶龍主任在講話中,充分肯定了香港 特區司法機構在維護國家安全、捍衛香港法 治、營造世界一流營商環境等方面的重要作 用。眾所周知,法治是香港的核心價值,但在 過去幾年尤其是2019年期間,法治遭受到了 嚴重踐踏,國家安全面臨嚴重挑戰,營商環境 遭到嚴重破壞。隨着國安法的頒布實施,香港 實現了由亂到治的根本性轉變,並邁入由治及 興的新階段,這離不開中央堅定支持,離不開 社會各界共同努力,也離不開司法機構的履職

然而,反華勢力見不得香港好,千方百 計破壞香港法治。近日美國政客變本加厲,舉 行所謂「聽證會」並發表所謂的「報告」,除 了繼續玩弄抹黑香港國安法和香港司法制度的 把戲外,更圖窮匕見,列出29名曾參與審理 國安法案件法官的名單,威脅要實施制裁。其 所作所為的根本目的,就是要破壞香港國安法 的順利有效實施,並為美國在港政治代理人開 脫罪行。

司法獨立,這是放諸四海而皆準的原 則。西方政客大搞「雙重標準」,公然干預香 港司法,非但嚇不倒香港法官,達不到「撈 人」的目的,反而進一步坐實了破壞香港法治 的不是別人,恰恰是美英反華政客。香港特區 法官不受恐嚇,堅守崗位依法公正審理案件。 正如司法機構發言人日前所指出,將謹守司法 誓言,奉公守法,以無懼、無偏、無私、無欺 之精神,嚴格按照法律原則,維護司法公義。

夏寶龍主任在講話中進一步指出,鼓勵 特區司法機構繼續維護憲法和基本法確定的特 別行政區憲制秩序,全面準確實施香港國安 法,保持香港長期繁榮穩定。夏寶龍強調,中 央支持司法機構依法獨立行使審判權,不受任 何外部勢力干涉。這是對香港特區法官依法履 職的巨大支持,也是對特區司法機構未來繼續 做好工作提出的希望。

外國勢力動搖不了香港法治。事實上, 特區司法機構並非孤軍作戰,背後不僅有七百 多萬香港市民的全力支持,更有祖國作為強大 靠山。當外國勢力作出制裁的威脅時,國務院 港澳辦、香港中聯辦、駐港國安公署、外交部 駐港公署等機構及時發表聲明,嚴辭譴責美國 政客干預香港司法的惡劣行徑,支持香港司法 機構公正履行職責。

千磨萬擊還堅勁,任爾東南西北風。在 中央堅定支持下,香港法治排名繼續位居全球 前列,足證香港法治堅如磐石,西方干預和制 裁枉費心機。昨日張舉能在與國家首席大法 官、最高人民法院院長張軍會面時表示,香港 司法機構始終嚴格履行憲法和基本法賦予的重 要職責,依法維護國家安全和特區憲制秩序, 遵從司法誓言不懼不偏處理案件。這體現了特 區司法機構堅守法治的決心。香港社會相信, 特區司法機構一定能履行好憲制責任,更好地 維護國家安全和香港的法治。

Xia Baolong, Director of the Hong Kong and Macao Affairs Office of the State Council, met in Beijing yesterday with a delegation of representatives from the Judiciary of the Hong Kong SAR led by Andrew Cheung Kui-nung, Chief Justice of the Court of Final Appeal. Against the backdrop of American politicians clamouring for sanctions against Hong Kong judges, this meeting and Director Xia Baolong's speech delivers an unambiguous message that the Central Government fully recognises the important role played by the SAR's Judiciary, firmly supports the SAR's Judiciary in exercising its judicial power independently and free from any external interference. This not only lends enormous support to the SAR's Judiciary but also vitally inspires Hong Kong society to staunchly safeguard the rule of law.

In his speech, Director Xia Baolong fully recognises the important role played by the Judiciary of the Hong Kong SAR in safeguarding national security, upholding the rule of law in Hong Kong, and creating a world-class business environment. It is well known that the rule of law is Hong Kong's core value. But in the past several year particularly in the year 2019, the rule of law was severely trampled, national security faced serious challenges and the business environment was heavily damaged. With the promulgation of the Hong Kong national security law, the SAR now has accomplished the fundamental change of restoring order from chaos and entered a new stage of advancing from stability to prosperity. All this cannot be achieved without the Central Government's strong support, without the joint effort of all social sectors and without the Judiciary dutifully fulfilling its responsibilities.

Nevertheless, anti-China elements are resentful of Hong Kong's betterment and rack their brains trying to jeopardise the rule of law in Hong Kong. Recently American politicians have gone even further to hold so-called "testimonies" and issued a so-called "report". In addition to continuing playing the trick of smearing the Hong Kong national security law and Hong Kong's judicial system, the report comes to open hostilities after subterfuges fail, by including a list of 29 Hong Kong judges known to have presided over cases concerning national security and threatening to impose sanctions against them. The fundamental aim of all this is to jeopardise the smooth and effective implementation of the Hong Kong national security law and to absolve the United States' political proxies in Hong Kong from their crimes.

Judicial independence is a principle applicable everywhere. Yet Western politicians wantonly play double standard and openly interfere with the administration of justice in Hong Kong. This not only fails to scare off Hong Kong's judges and achieve their aim of rescuing their proxies, but instead further confirms that it is not others but American and British anti-China politicians themselves who try to damage the rule of law in Hong Kong. Judges of the Hong Kong SAR, impervious to intimidation, stand firm at their posts to justly hear cases in accordance with the law. As the Judiciary's spokesperson pointed out days ago, all Hong Kong judges must abide by the Judicial Oath to administer justice in full accordance with the law, without fear or favour, self-interest or deceit.

Director Xia Baolong in his speech further encourages the SAR's Judiciary to continue to uphold the SAR's constitutional order established under the Constitution and Basic Law, fully and accurately implement the Hong Kong national security law and maintain long-term stability and prosperity in Hong Kong. Xia Baolong emphasises that the Central Government supports the Judiciary in exercising its judicial power independently and free from any external interference. This lends great support for judges in the Hong Kong SAR to fulfill their duties in accordance with the law and pins his hopes on the SAR's Judiciary to continue to do a good job in future.

External forces can never shake the rule of law in Hong Kong. As a matter of fact, the SAR's Judiciary does not fight a lone battle. Behind it, there are not only the full support of over seven million Hong Kong citizens but also the strong backing of our Motherland. When external elements threatened to impose sanctions, institutions, such as the Hong Kong and Macao Affairs Office, Liaison Office of the Central People's Government in the Hong Kong SAR, Office for Safeguarding National Security of the Central People's Government of the People's Republic of China in the Hong Kong SAR, Office of the Commissioner of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of China in the Hong Kong SAR, respectively issued statements in time to condemn with stern words American politicians' disgusting conduct of interfering with the administration of justice in Hong Kong and support the Judiciary of the Hong Kong SAR to justly fulfill

"From whichever direction the winds leap, I remain strong and unvielding despite dealt many a blow." With the Central Government's strong support, the rule of law in Hong Kong continues to rank high globally. This is evidence that the rule of law in Hong Kong is rock-firm and the West wastes its efforts with its interference and sanctions. In yesterday's meeting with Zhang Jun, the Chief Justice and President of the Supreme People's Court, Andrew Cheung said the Judiciary of the Hong Kong SAR always dutifully fulfills its important responsibilities delegated by the Constitution and Basic Law, safeguards national security and the SAR's constitutional order in accordance with the law and abides by the Judicial Oath to administer justice without fear or favour. This shows the SAR's Judiciary's determination to uphold the rule of law. Hong Kong society has faith in the Judiciary's ability to fulfill its constitutional responsibilities to better safeguard national security and the rule of law in Hong Kong.





WORDS AND USAGE

Rack one's brain(s) (idiom) –

To think very hard in order to try to remember something, to solve a problem, etc. (絞盡腦汁, 搜腸刮肚)

1.I've been racking my brain, but I can't remember his name. 2.He racked his brains all weekend trying to think of a solution

to the problem but in vain

Absolve (sb) from (sth) (phrasal verb) –

To declare that someone is free from guilt blame or responsibility for something. (解罪,開脫) Examples:

1. The evidence that the defense attorney presented in court convinced the jury to absolve his client from the crime.

2. The report absolved her from all blame for the accident.

• Interfere with sth (phrasal verb) -To prevent something from happening or developing in the

correct way.(妨礙,干擾) Examples:

1.Mum says I can get a part-time job if it doesn't interfere with my homework. 2. Even a low level of noise interferes with my concentration.

Pin one's hopes on sb/sth (idiom) -

Put one's hope or trust in someone or something. (寄希望 於……)

Examples:

- 1. Why are you pinning all your hopes on him when you know he is going to let you down?
- 2. She'd pinned her hopes on an early acceptance to the college but it didn't materialize.

Have faith in (sb/sth) (idiom) –

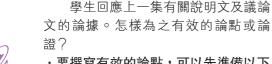
To have confidence in someone or something. (對……有信 心,相信)

Examples:

1.I know you'll pass this test - I have faith in you. We had faith in her ability to succeed.



如何撰寫議論文中的論點



- ·要撰寫有效的論點,可以先準備以下 材料:
- · 論題的陳述 (thesis statement) ・有關論點的文獻、官方或正式的數據等等
- · 合邏輯的論點陳述 (logical reasoning)
- · 必須有證據及邏輯上的支持。

繽FUN英語

(credible resources / evidence / general knowledge

to support the logic/reasoning) · 反論證 (counter argument)

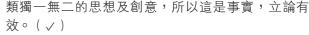
當中需小心選擇適當的語言,既然要立論,就要自信 地撰寫出來。不清楚的地方或是不確定的資料,就要用有 局限性的語文。

由於篇幅有限,未能把整個段落給讀者作比較討論。 大家看看以下簡單句子,那些句子立論比較清晰及有效?

- 1) ChatGPT cannot replace a personal tutor because the unique human thought and creativity cannot be matched by any machine.
- 2) I am the greatest cyclist in the world. Therefore, I am a better cyclist than Eddie Merckx.
- 3) ChatGPT is able to provide students with a tremendous amount of knowledge. Therefore, it encourages self-access and independent learning.
- 4) You don't drink tea, therefore you must drink
- 5) Climate change will lead to rising sea levels. Rising sea levels will bring about tsunamis. Therefore, climate change is the most dangerous threat to humanity.



1)到目前為止,ChatGPT確實不能代替人



- 2) 這句子不符合邏輯,因為沒有提出證據,證明是比全世 界最好的單車手——Eddie Merckx——優秀。(×)
- 3) ChatGPT所提供的大量資訊,確實能鼓勵學生自取資 源及獨立學習。一切也是事實,立論也清晰。(✓)
- 4) 這句子沒有邏輯,對方不喜歡喝茶,不一定喜歡喝咖 啡,也許純粹不想飲任何東西。(×)
- 5)氣候變化導致海面上升,而海面上升便會帶來海嘯。雖 然論點看起來很有說服力,也可能是事實,但在邏輯 上是不合理的。要表明這是對人類的重大威脅,最少 要提出多一些論據才能得出這強大的結論。這個「the



most dangerous threat 需要有強大的證據。我們 撰寫論點時候要特別小心 語文,很多時候你要提出 更加多例證,否則論點便 不成立。(×)

如果平時想練習撰寫論點或論證,只需要閱讀日常新 聞時事,把重點記錄下來,以批判式思考反問自己當中內 容。當然,最好有同學或是朋友可以一起討論。



資深英語老師、國際英文考試主考官;前大專院校導師 及企業培訓導師。